(別記様式第8号)(課程・論文博士共通)

	論	文	内	容	要	旨			
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整理番号			氏名	(自署)				印	
論文題目	<ul> <li>論文題目</li> <li>Altered polyunsaturated fatty acid levels in relation to proinflammatory cytokines, fatty acid desaturase genotype, and diet in bipolar disorder         <ul> <li>(双極性障害における多価不飽和脂肪酸濃度と炎症性サイトカイン・脂肪酸デサチュラーゼ遺伝子型および食生活との関連)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>								
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## Objectives

Inflammation and altered polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA) levels have been implicated in bipolar disorder (BD). A recent genome wide association study identified a locus in the fatty acid desaturase (*FADS*) gene cluster conferring susceptibility to BD. In this study, we examined PUFA levels in patients with BD in relation to proinflammatory cytokines, *FADS* genotype, and dietary habits.

### Methods

We enrolled 83 patients with BD and 217 healthy controls who underwent plasma PUFA measurement. A subsample of 65 patients and 90 controls underwent plasma interleukin (IL)-6 and tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF $\alpha$ ) measurement, and three *FADS* single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) were genotyped. Information on fish consumption was obtained by a self-reported diet history questionnaire.

## Results

In comparing PUFA levels between patients and controls, significant differences were found for all 7 PUFAs tested. Specifically, n-3 eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) level was decreased, and n-6 arachidonic acid level was increased in the patients (p<0.0001 for both). Plasma IL-6 and TNF $\alpha$  levels were both significantly increased in the patients. Plasma EPA level was negatively correlated with IL-6 and TNF $\alpha$  levels. The *FADS* genotype, which was associated with increased n-6 PUFA levels, was also associated with marked elevation in TNF $\alpha$  levels. Less frequent fish intake was associated with low EPA and high IL-6 level.

## Conclusions

Taken together, our results provide strong evidence for altered plasma PUFA and proinflammatory cytokine levels in patients with BD. Furthermore, *FADS* genotype and fish consumption may contribute not only to altered PUFA levels but also to inflammation in BD.

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備考

- 1 ※印の欄には記入しないこと。
- 2 論文題目が外国語の場合は、カッコを付し和訳を付記すること。
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- 4 論文内容要旨は、(研究の目的)、(方法)、(結果)、(考察)、(結論)の順に 日本語(2,000字程度)もしくは英語(半角5,000字程度)でまとめ、タイプ等 で印字すること。(文字数を記載してください。)

(人間環境医工学専攻生体環境学コース)

# (別記様式第8号(2))

(課程・論文博士共通)

論文内容要旨(続紙)	(ふりがな) 氏名(自署)	 印